Gray. C. nemoralis Kearney, U. S. Dept. Agric. Div. Agrost. Bull. no. 11, 26 (1898), not Phillippi (1898).

C. Porteri Gray, Proc. Am. Acad. vi. 79 (1862). Deyeuxia Porteri

(Gray) Vasey, Descr. Cat. Grasses U. S. 51 (1885).

C. Scribneri Beal, Grasses, N. Am. ii. 343 (1896). Deyeuxia dubia Scribn. Bot. Gaz. xi. 174 (1886). C. dubia (Scribn.) Vasey, Contrib. U. S. Nat. Herb. iii. 80 (1892), not Bunge (1847). C. Langsdorffii, var. Scribneri (Beal) M. E. Jones, Contrib. West. Bot. xiv. 9 (1912).

ANTIOCH COLLEGE, Yellow Springs, Ohio.

Carex Aestivalis in the Blue Hills.—Last summer I found a few vigorous tufts of a conspicuous Carex near the southerly boundary of the Blue Hills Reservation, growing on a rocky wooded slope. Submitted to Prof. Fernald this proved to be *C. aestivalis* M. A. Curtis. Number XII of the Reports on the Flora of the Boston District in Rhodora, Vol. 13, p. 233 has the following note against this species: "Lexington (*Wm. Boott*, July 2, 1876)." Gray's Manual (7th edition) says "Rocky woods, mostly on upland slopes, N. H. to Ga., rare."—Nathaniel T. Kidder, Milton, Massachusetts.

Leucojum Aestivum In Delaware.—Leucojum aestivum L. was found in Dover, Delaware, in 1921, and identified for the writer by Professor M. L. Fernald. It is thoroughly established in swampy ground near St. Jones' River. The bed is about twenty feet in area and seems to be spreading. The plant blossoms as early as April 15, and as late as May 16.—H. H. Hanson, Dover, Delaware.

The date of the June issue (unpublished as this goes to press) will be announced later.